Anderson Mill West

Cedar Park, TX 78613
Resale homes · closed Nov 8 – Nov 7, 2026
Prepared for Buyers, sellers and agents

Prepared by ALEX Real Estate
Market Study · Resale Analysis
Version 2.4
November 8, 2026 · 7:13 AM CST

MARKET STUDY All analysis covers resale homes only. New construction appears once, in its own section.

RESALE SALES, 365 DAYS	MEDIAN NET SALE PRICE	MEDIAN NET PRICE PER SF	MEDIAN DAYS ON MARKET
42	$421,125	$219	37 days
single-family resale homes	average $438,958	average $218	average 68 days

Contents

1. Summary
2. Where the resale homes sold
3. Quartiles by net sale price
4. Quartiles by living area
5. Quartiles by year built
6. View and no view
7. New construction
8. Appendix: measures, methods and tests

© 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

1. Summary

Resale homes · 42 sales · November 8, 2025 – November 7, 2026

This study looks at the **42 resale homes** sold in Anderson Mill West in the **365 days** to November 7, 2026. A full year is used because only 23 resale homes sold in the last 180 days. New construction is left out and shown on its own in section 7. The homes are compared four ways: **by price**, **by living area**, **by year built** and **with or without a view**. The first three are split into four equal groups (quartiles), each named by its range.

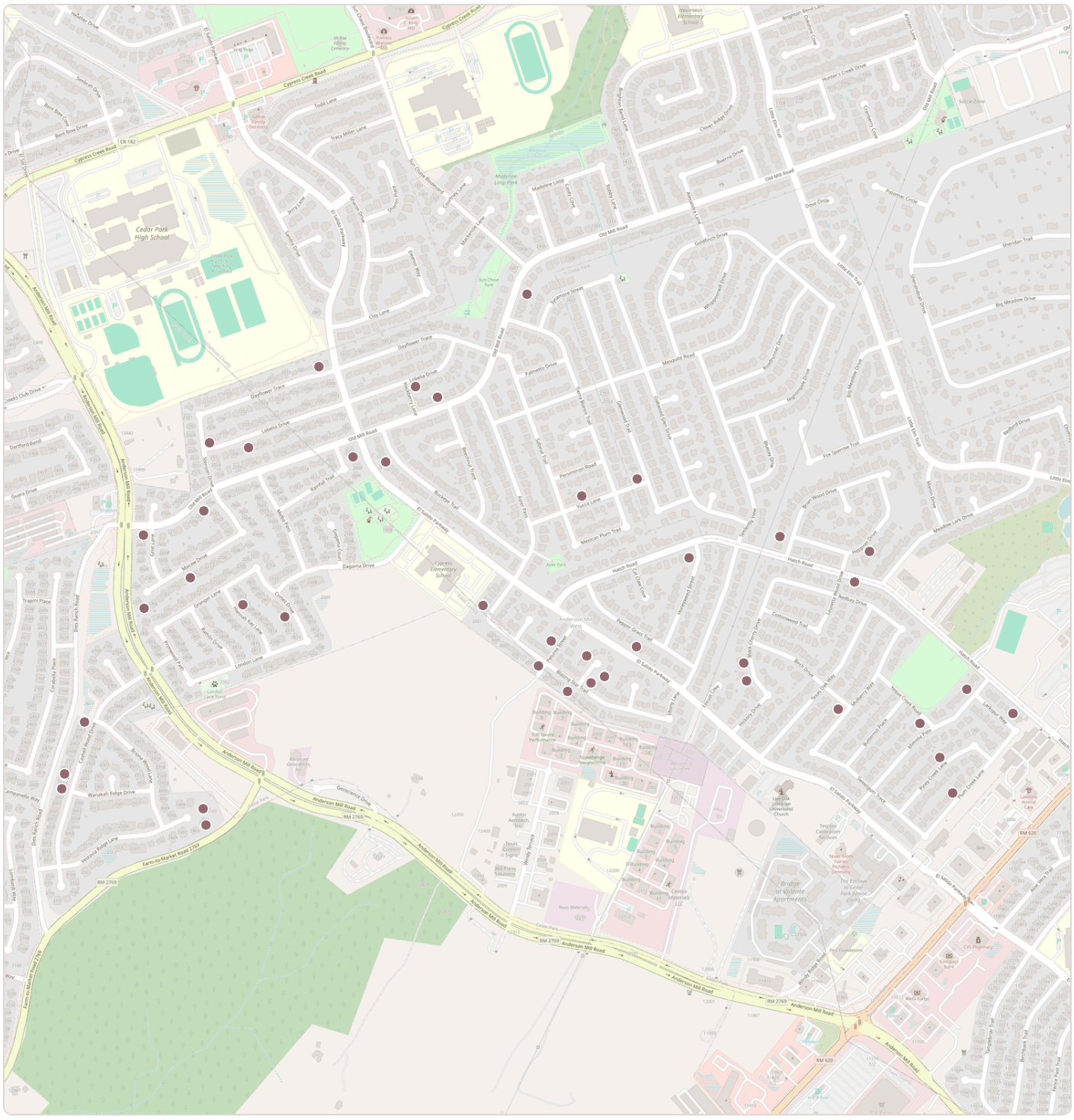
Each comparison has its own section (3–6) with everything about it in one place: the key differences, a table of every measure at a glance, the charts and the numbers.

© 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

2. Where the resale homes sold

42 resale homes · colored by price range

Each dot is one resale home, colored by its price range.



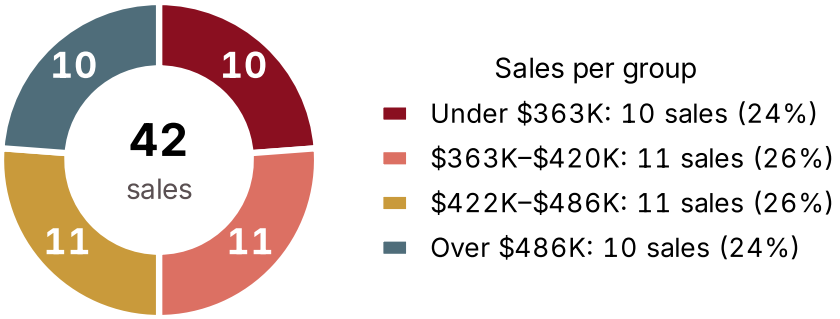
● Under $363K · 10 sales ● $363K–$420K · 11 sales ● $422K–$486K · 11 sales ● Over $486K · 10 sales

 © 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

3. Quartiles by net sale price

Resale homes · 42 sales · November 8, 2025 – November 7, 2026

Sales ranked by net sale price and cut into four equal groups. This is the usual way to read a market by price.



Bottom line

- Homes over $486K are about 1,300 SF (90%) larger than homes under $363K.
- Homes over $486K are about 14 years newer than homes under $363K.

3.1 Key differences

The top group against the bottom group. Only real differences are listed. Section 8 explains each measure.

Under $363K $363K–$420K $422K–$486K Over $486K

Higher-priced homes Over $486K

- Are much larger.
- Tend to be newer.

Lower-priced homes Under $363K

- Are much smaller.
- Tend to be older.

© 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

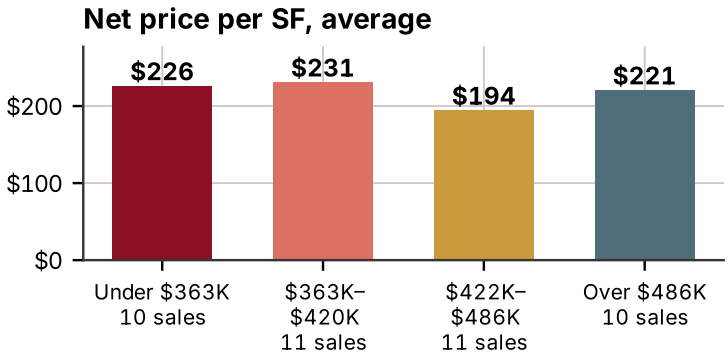
3.2 At a glance

Shaded rows are real differences; the darkest cell is the highest. Gray rows show no clear difference. Prices are averages; days on market and year built are medians.

	Under $363K	$363K–$420K	$422K–$486K	Over $486K	Real difference?
Net price per SF	$226 per SF	$231 per SF	$194 per SF	$221 per SF	unclear
Living area	1,450 SF **Smallest**	1,677 SF	2,396 SF	2,748 SF **Largest**	✓ large
Year built	1986 **Oldest**	1989	1994	2001 **Newest**	✓ large
Days on market	40 days	38 days	36 days	36 days	unclear
Discount from original list	11.6%	6.6%	6.6%	3.6%	unclear
Price cut before sale	50%	27%	64%	50%	unclear
Seller paid closing costs or repairs	80%	64%	55%	70%	unclear
Has a view	10%	0%	9%	30%	unclear

How to read this section. Each heading gives the finding. The gold box says whether the gap is real (✓, with its size) or could be chance (–). The section ends with its numbers; the tests are in section 8.3.

3.3 Net price per SF: no clear difference

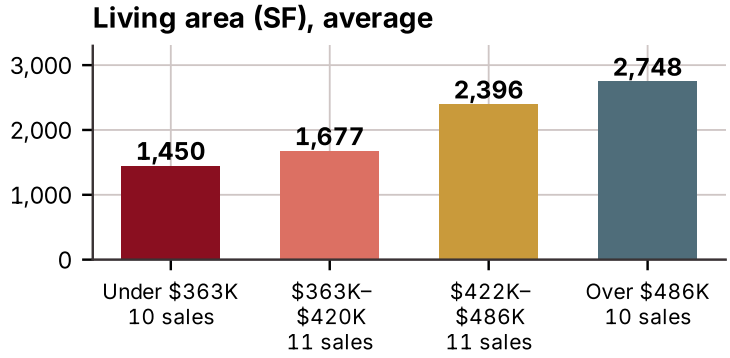


The average is **$221 per SF** for homes over $486K and **$226 per SF** for homes under $363K. It does not move in a straight line; homes $363K–$420K are highest. Defined in 8.1.2.

– No clear difference · could be chance

© 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

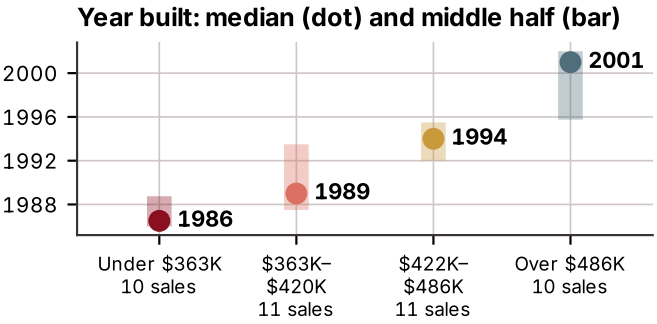
3.4 Homes over $486K are about 1,300 SF (90%) larger than homes under $363K



The average is **2,748 SF** for homes over $486K and **1,450 SF** for homes under $363K. It rises step by step from the lowest range to the highest. Defined in 8.1.3.

✓ **Real difference** · large

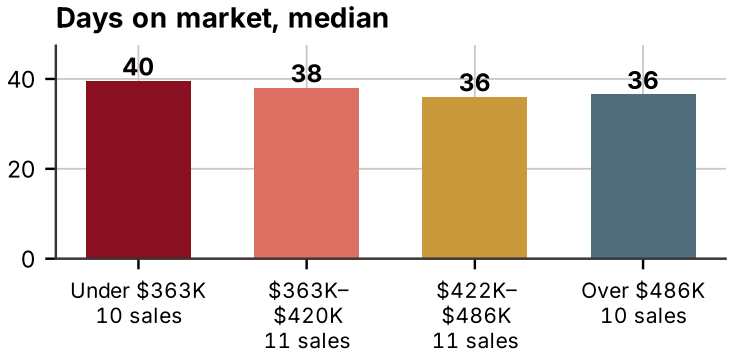
3.5 Homes over $486K are about 14 years newer than homes under $363K



The median is **2001** for homes over $486K and **1986** for homes under $363K. It rises step by step from the lowest range to the highest. Defined in 8.1.4.

✓ **Real difference** · large

3.6 Days on market: no clear difference

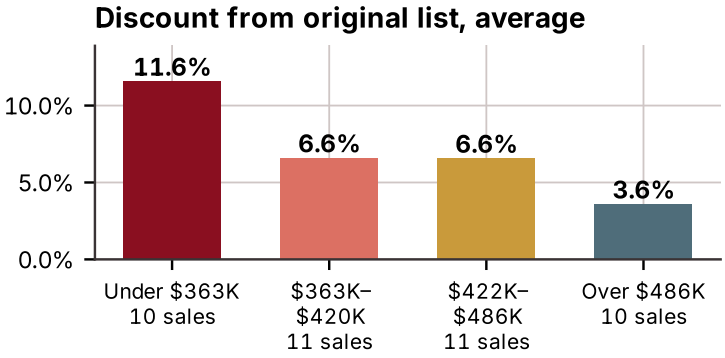


The median is **36 days** for homes over $486K and **40 days** for homes under $363K. It does not move in a straight line; homes under $363K are highest. Defined in 8.1.5.

– **No clear difference** · could be chance

 © 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

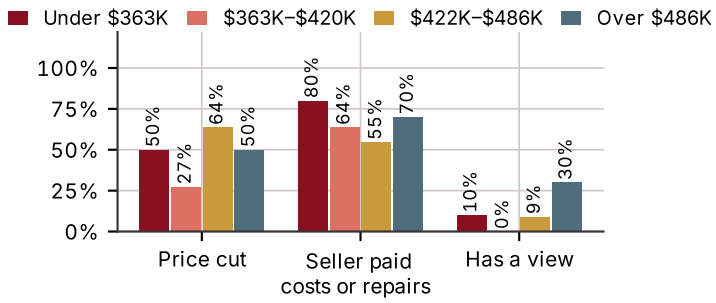
3.7 Discount from original list: no clear difference



The average is **3.6%** for homes over $486K and **11.6%** for homes under $363K. It falls step by step from the lowest range to the highest.
Defined in 8.1.6.

– No clear difference · could be chance

3.8 How often: price cut before sale, seller paid closing costs or repairs, has a view



Each bar is the share of homes in the group, in percent.

- 50% of homes over $486K had a price cut before sale, against 50% of homes under $363K. Defined in 8.1.7.
- 70% of homes over $486K had the seller pay closing costs or repairs, against 80% of homes under $363K. Defined in 8.1.8.
- 30% of homes over $486K have a view, against 10% of homes under $363K. Defined in 8.1.9.

Price cut before sale: **– No clear difference** · could be chance
Seller paid closing costs or repairs: **– No clear difference** · could be chance
Has a view: **– No clear difference** · could be chance

3.9 The numbers: price and size

	Under $363K 10 sales	$363K– $420K 11 sales	$422K– $486K 11 sales	Over $486K 10 sales	All 42 sales	Real difference?
Net sale price average	$319,239	$382,068	$451,586	$607,365	$438,958	by design
Net price per SF average	$226	$231	$194	$221	$218	unclear
Living area average	1,450	1,677	2,396	2,748	2,066	✓ large
Year built median	1986	1989	1994	2001	1992	✓ large

© 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

3.10 The numbers: selling

	Under $363K 10 sales	$363K–$420K 11 sales	$422K–$486K 11 sales	Over $486K 10 sales	All 42 sales	Real difference?
Days on market median	40	38	36	36	37	unclear
Discount from original list average	11.6%	6.6%	6.6%	3.6%	7.1%	unclear
Price cut before sale	50%	27%	64%	50%	48%	unclear
Seller paid closing costs or repairs	80%	64%	55%	70%	67%	unclear
Has a view	10%	0%	9%	30%	12%	unclear

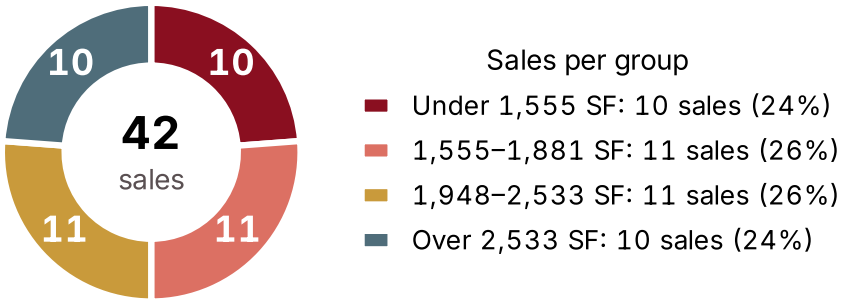
Prices, price per SF, living area and discount are averages; days on market and year built are medians. The test behind each verdict is in 8.3.1.

© 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

4. Quartiles by living area

Resale homes · 42 sales · November 8, 2025 – November 7, 2026

Sales ranked by living area and cut into four equal groups, from the smallest homes to the largest.



Bottom line

- Homes over 2,533 SF sell for about $250K (73%) more than homes under 1,555 SF.
- Homes over 2,533 SF are about 14 years newer than homes under 1,555 SF.
- Homes over 2,533 SF sell for about $56 per SF (22%) less than homes under 1,555 SF.

4.1 Key differences

The top group against the bottom group. Only real differences are listed. Section 8 explains each measure.

Under 1,555 SF · 1,555–1,881 SF · 1,948–2,533 SF · Over 2,533 SF

Larger homes Over 2,533 SF

- Sell for much more.
- Tend to be newer.
- Sell for less per square foot.

Smaller homes Under 1,555 SF

- Sell for much less.
- Tend to be older.
- Sell for more per square foot.

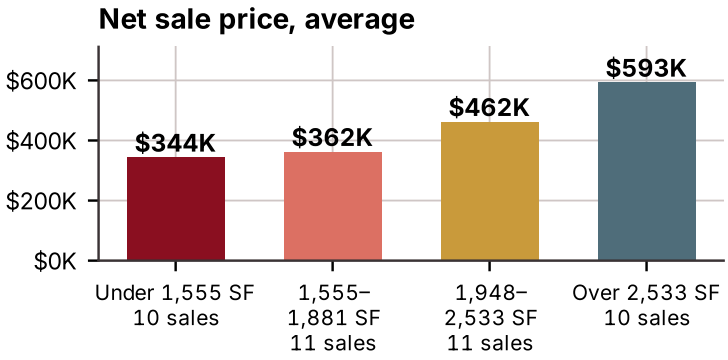
 © 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

4.2 At a glance

Shaded rows are real differences; the darkest cell is the highest. Gray rows show no clear difference. Prices are averages; days on market and year built are medians.

	Under 1,555 SF	1,555–1,881 SF	1,948–2,533 SF	Over 2,533 SF	Real difference?
Net sale price	$344K **Lowest**	$362K	$462K	$593K **Highest**	✓ large
Net price per SF	$255 per SF **Highest**	$211 per SF	$207 per SF	$199 per SF **Lowest**	✓ large
Year built	1986 **Oldest**	1991	1994	2001 **Newest**	✓ large
Days on market	21 days	38 days	39 days	64 days	unclear
Discount from original list	5.3%	10.9%	6.1%	5.6%	unclear
Price cut before sale	30%	45%	55%	60%	unclear
Seller paid closing costs or repairs	60%	82%	73%	50%	unclear
Has a view	10%	0%	9%	30%	unclear

4.3 Homes over 2,533 SF sell for about $250K (73%) more than homes under 1,555 SF



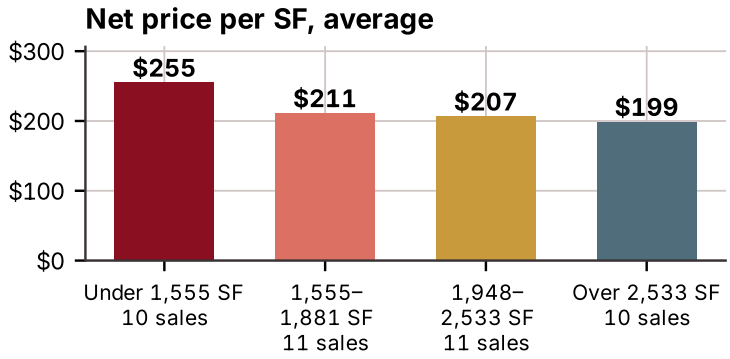
The average is **$593K** for homes over 2,533 SF and **$344K** for homes under 1,555 SF. It rises step by step from the lowest range to the highest.

Defined in 8.1.1.

✓ **Real difference** · large

 © 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

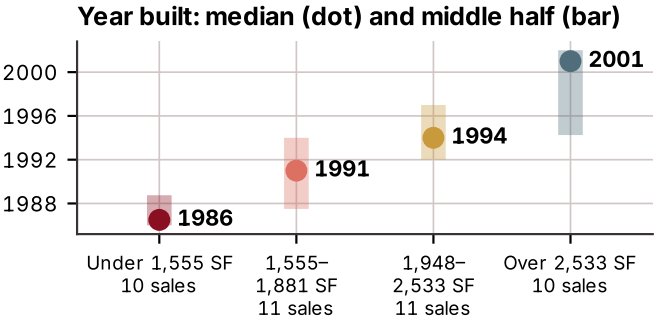
4.4 Homes over 2,533 SF sell for about $56 per SF (22%) less than homes under 1,555 SF



The average is **$199 per SF** for homes over 2,533 SF and **$255 per SF** for homes under 1,555 SF. It falls step by step from the lowest range to the highest. Defined in 8.1.2.

✓ **Real difference** · large

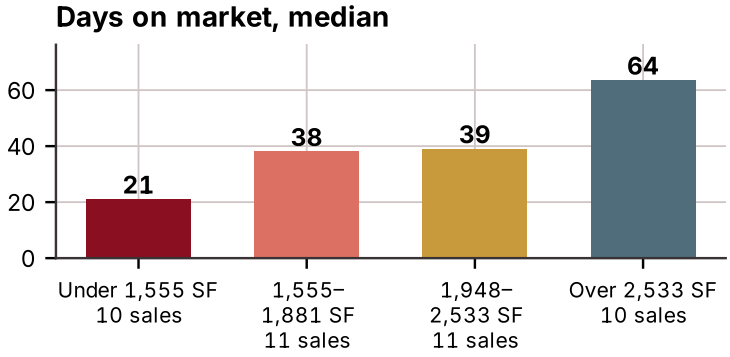
4.5 Homes over 2,533 SF are about 14 years newer than homes under 1,555 SF



The median is **2001** for homes over 2,533 SF and **1986** for homes under 1,555 SF. It rises step by step from the lowest range to the highest. Defined in 8.1.4.

✓ **Real difference** · large

4.6 Days on market: no clear difference

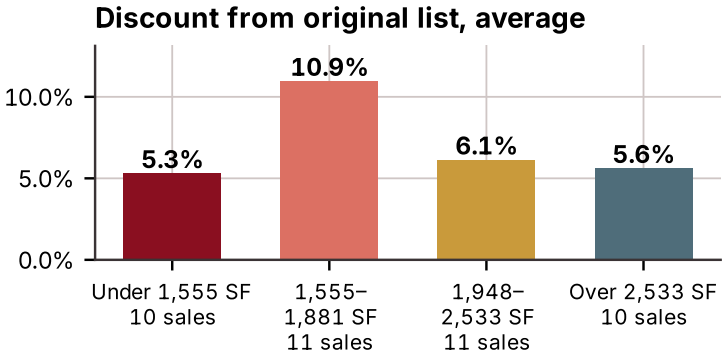


The median is **64 days** for homes over 2,533 SF and **21 days** for homes under 1,555 SF. It rises step by step from the lowest range to the highest. Defined in 8.1.5.

– **No clear difference** · could be chance

 © 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

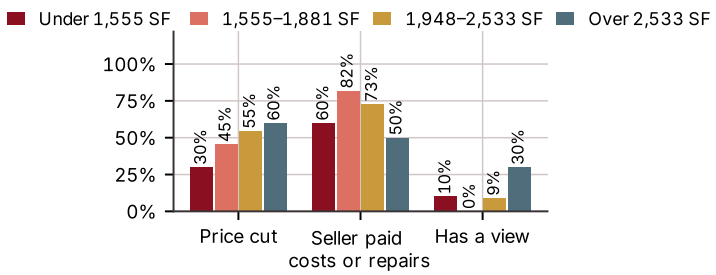
4.7 Discount from original list: no clear difference



The average is **5.6%** for homes over 2,533 SF and **5.3%** for homes under 1,555 SF. It does not move in a straight line; homes 1,555–1,881 SF are highest. Defined in 8.1.6.

– No clear difference · could be chance

4.8 How often: price cut before sale, seller paid closing costs or repairs, has a view



Each bar is the share of homes in the group, in percent.

- 60% of homes over 2,533 SF had a price cut before sale, against 30% of homes under 1,555 SF. Defined in 8.1.7.
- 50% of homes over 2,533 SF had the seller pay closing costs or repairs, against 60% of homes under 1,555 SF. Defined in 8.1.8.
- 30% of homes over 2,533 SF have a view, against 10% of homes under 1,555 SF. Defined in 8.1.9.

Price cut before sale: **– No clear difference** · could be chance
Seller paid closing costs or repairs: **– No clear difference** · could be chance
Has a view: **– No clear difference** · could be chance

4.9 The numbers: price and size

	Under 1,555 SF 10 sales	1,555–1,881 SF 11 sales	1,948–2,533 SF 11 sales	Over 2,533 SF 10 sales	All 42 sales	Real difference?
Net sale price average	$343,571	$362,402	$462,100	$593,100	$438,958	✓ large
Net price per SF average	$255	$211	$207	$199	$218	✓ large
Living area average	1,354	1,719	2,252	2,955	2,066	by design
Year built median	1986	1991	1994	2001	1992	✓ large

© 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

4.10 The numbers: selling

	Under 1,555 SF 10 sales	1,555–1,881 SF 11 sales	1,948–2,533 SF 11 sales	Over 2,533 SF 10 sales	All 42 sales	Real difference?
Days on market median	21	38	39	64	37	unclear
Discount from original list average	5.3%	10.9%	6.1%	5.6%	7.1%	unclear
Price cut before sale	30%	45%	55%	60%	48%	unclear
Seller paid closing costs or repairs	60%	82%	73%	50%	67%	unclear
Has a view	10%	0%	9%	30%	12%	unclear

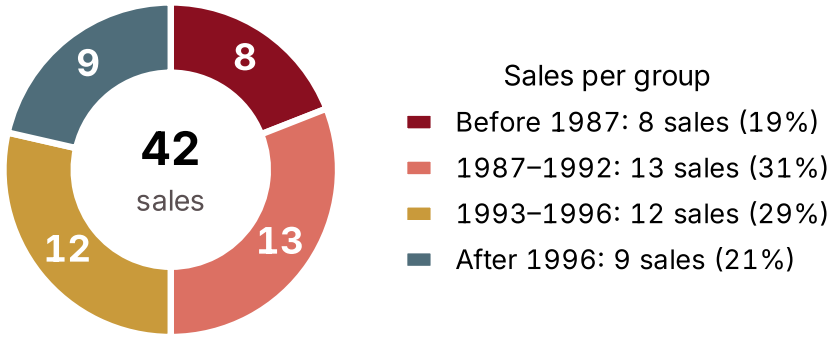
Prices, price per SF, living area and discount are averages; days on market and year built are medians. The test behind each verdict is in 8.3.2.

© 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

5. Quartiles by year built

Resale homes · 42 sales · November 8, 2025 – November 7, 2026

Sales ranked by year built and cut into four groups, from the oldest to the newest. Homes built in the same year always stay in the same group, so group sizes can differ a little.



Bottom line

- Homes built after 1996 sell for about $243K (66%) more than homes built before 1987.
- Homes built after 1996 are about 1,240 SF (81%) larger than homes built before 1987.

5.1 Key differences

The top group against the bottom group. Only real differences are listed. Section 8 explains each measure.

Before 1987 1987–1992 1993–1996 After 1996

Newer homes After 1996

- Sell for much more.
- Are much larger.

Older homes Before 1987

- Sell for much less.
- Are much smaller.

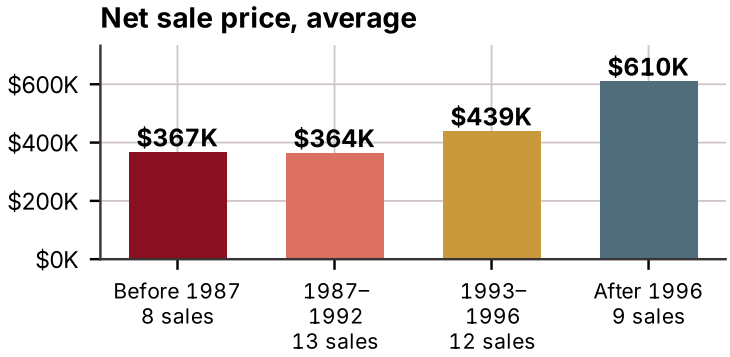
 © 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

5.2 At a glance

Shaded rows are real differences; the darkest cell is the highest. Gray rows show no clear difference. Prices are averages; days on market and year built are medians.

	Before 1987	1987–1992	1993–1996	After 1996	Real difference?
Net sale price	$367K	$364K **Lowest**	$439K	$610K **Highest**	✓ large
Net price per SF	$245 per SF	$215 per SF	$202 per SF	$218 per SF	unclear
Living area	1,527 SF **Smallest**	1,766 SF	2,225 SF	2,766 SF **Largest**	✓ large
Days on market	21 days	45 days	37 days	39 days	unclear
Discount from original list	6.1%	9.1%	6.3%	6.1%	unclear
Price cut before sale	38%	46%	50%	56%	unclear
Seller paid closing costs or repairs	75%	62%	75%	56%	unclear
Has a view	0%	8%	0%	44%	unclear

5.3 Homes built after 1996 sell for about $243K (66%) more than homes built before 1987

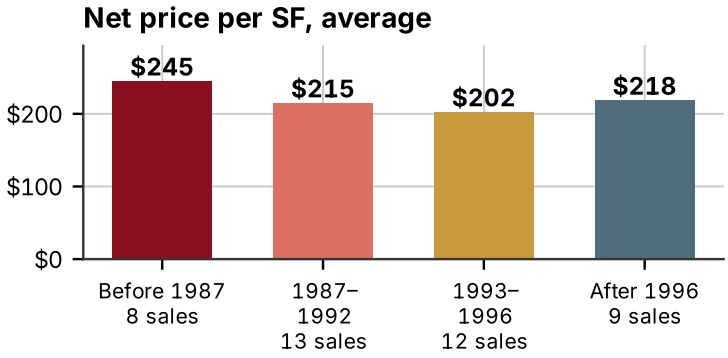


The average is **$610K** for homes built after 1996 and **$367K** for homes built before 1987. It does not move in a straight line; homes built after 1996 are highest. Defined in 8.1.1.

✓ **Real difference** · large

 © 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

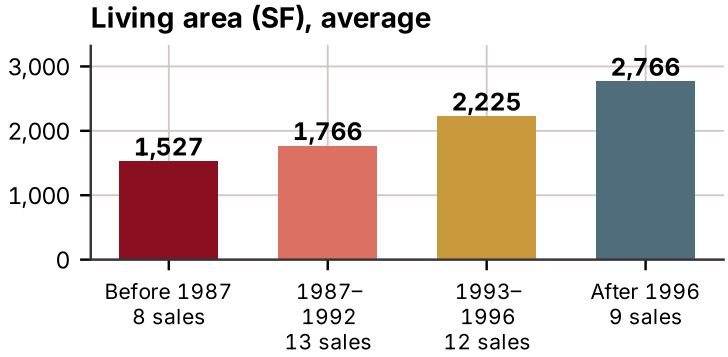
5.4 Net price per SF: no clear difference



The average is **$218 per SF** for homes built after 1996 and **$245 per SF** for homes built before 1987. It does not move in a straight line; homes built before 1987 are highest. Defined in 8.1.2.

– No clear difference · could be chance

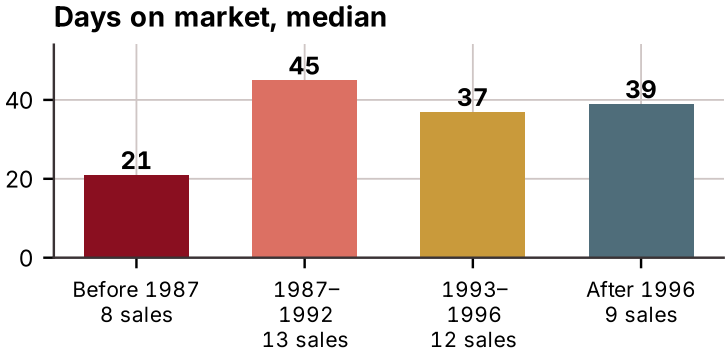
5.5 Homes built after 1996 are about 1,240 SF (81%) larger than homes built before 1987



The average is **2,766 SF** for homes built after 1996 and **1,527 SF** for homes built before 1987. It rises step by step from the lowest range to the highest. Defined in 8.1.3.

✓ Real difference · large

5.6 Days on market: no clear difference

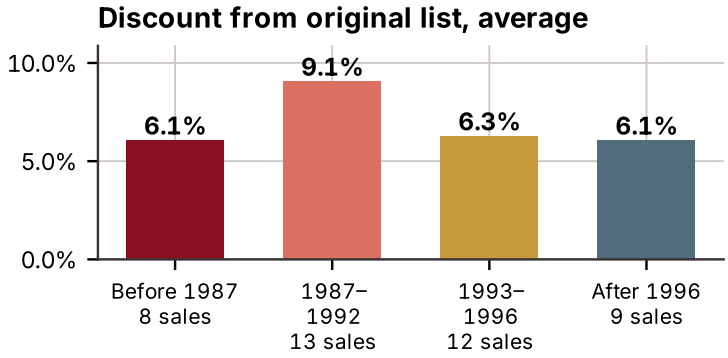


The median is **39 days** for homes built after 1996 and **21 days** for homes built before 1987. It does not move in a straight line; homes built 1987–1992 are highest. Defined in 8.1.5.

– No clear difference · could be chance

 © 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

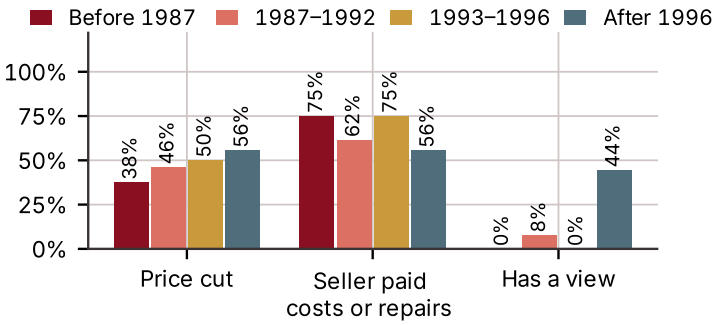
5.7 Discount from original list: no clear difference



The average is **6.1%** for homes built after 1996 and **6.1%** for homes built before 1987. It does not move in a straight line; homes built 1987–1992 are highest. Defined in 8.1.6.

– No clear difference · could be chance

5.8 How often: price cut before sale, seller paid closing costs or repairs, has a view



Each bar is the share of homes in the group, in percent.

- 56% of homes built after 1996 had a price cut before sale, against 38% of homes built before 1987. Defined in 8.1.7.
- 56% of homes built after 1996 had the seller pay closing costs or repairs, against 75% of homes built before 1987. Defined in 8.1.8.
- 44% of homes built after 1996 have a view, against 0% of homes built before 1987. Defined in 8.1.9.

Price cut before sale: **– No clear difference** · could be chance
Seller paid closing costs or repairs: **– No clear difference** · could be chance
Has a view: **– No clear difference** · could be chance

5.9 The numbers: price and size

	Before 1987 8 sales	1987–1992 13 sales	1993–1996 12 sales	After 1996 9 sales	All 42 sales	Real difference?
Net sale price average	$367,155	$364,486	$439,173	$610,067	$438,958	✓ large
Net price per SF average	$245	$215	$202	$218	$218	unclear
Living area average	1,527	1,766	2,225	2,766	2,066	✓ large
Year built median	1986	1989	1994	2002	1992	by design

 © 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

5.10 The numbers: selling

	Before 1987 8 sales	1987–1992 13 sales	1993–1996 12 sales	After 1996 9 sales	All 42 sales	Real difference?
Days on market median	21	45	37	39	37	unclear
Discount from original list average	6.1%	9.1%	6.3%	6.1%	7.1%	unclear
Price cut before sale	38%	46%	50%	56%	48%	unclear
Seller paid closing costs or repairs	75%	62%	75%	56%	67%	unclear
Has a view	0%	8%	0%	44%	12%	unclear

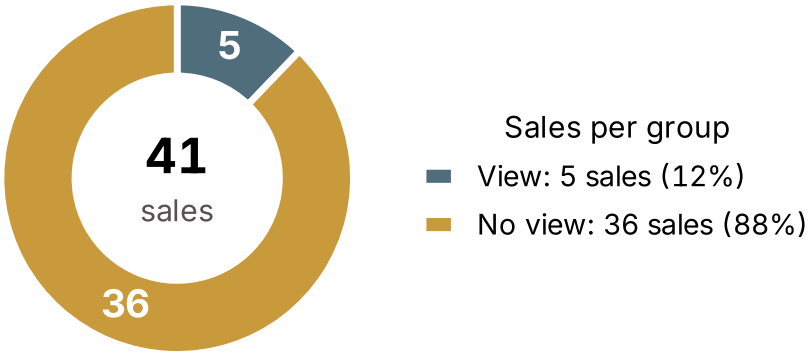
Prices, price per SF, living area and discount are averages; days on market and year built are medians. The test behind each verdict is in 8.3.3.

© 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

6. View and no view

Resale homes · 42 sales · November 8, 2025 – November 7, 2026

Sales where the MLS lists a view (greenbelt or park, trees, golf course, hill country, water and similar) against those listing none or only the neighborhood. 1 sales whose MLS view entry is only “See Remarks” are left out.



Bottom line: no measure differs enough between the groups to rule out chance.

6.1 Key differences

The top group against the bottom group: no measure differs enough to rule out chance.

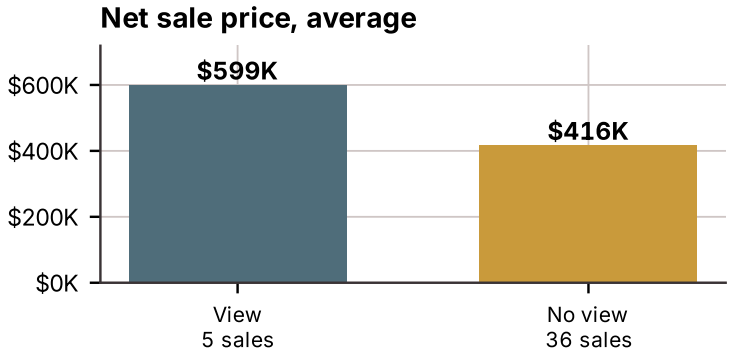
6.2 At a glance

Shaded rows are real differences; the darkest cell is the highest. Gray rows show no clear difference. Prices are averages; days on market and year built are medians.

	View	No view	Real difference?
Net sale price	$599K	$416K	unclear
Net price per SF	$223 per SF	$218 per SF	unclear
Living area	2,676 SF	1,972 SF	unclear
Year built	2002	1992	unclear
Days on market	21 days	37 days	unclear
Discount from original list	3.5%	7.5%	unclear
Price cut before sale	40%	47%	unclear
Seller paid closing costs or repairs	60%	67%	unclear

© 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

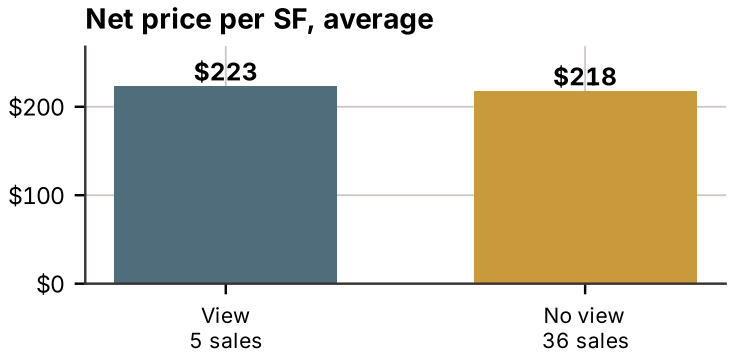
6.3 Net sale price: no clear difference



The average is **$599K** for homes with a view and **$416K** for homes without a view. Defined in 8.1.1.

– No clear difference · could be chance

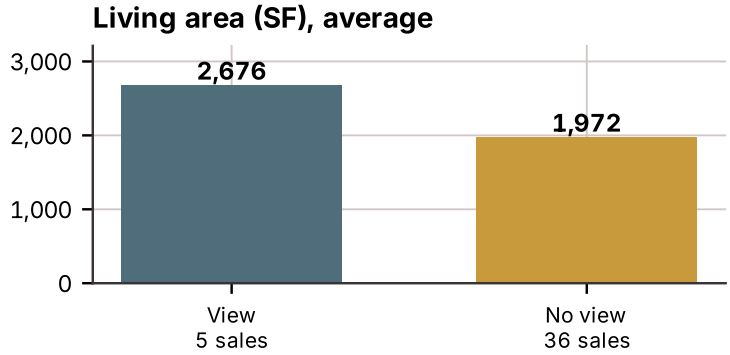
6.4 Net price per SF: no clear difference



The average is **$223 per SF** for homes with a view and **$218 per SF** for homes without a view. Defined in 8.1.2.

– No clear difference · could be chance

6.5 Living area: no clear difference

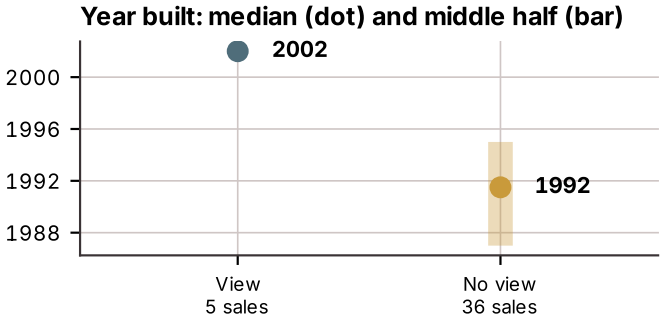


The average is **2,676 SF** for homes with a view and **1,972 SF** for homes without a view. Defined in 8.1.3.

– No clear difference · could be chance

 © 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

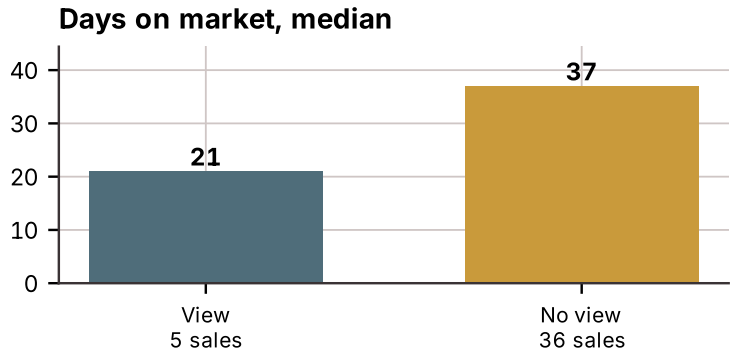
6.6 Year built: no clear difference



The median is **2002** for homes with a view and **1992** for homes without a view. Defined in 8.1.4.

– No clear difference · could be chance

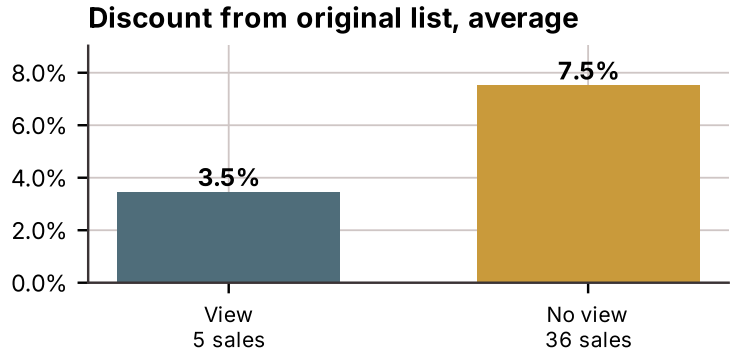
6.7 Days on market: no clear difference



The median is **21 days** for homes with a view and **37 days** for homes without a view. Defined in 8.1.5.

– No clear difference · could be chance

6.8 Discount from original list: no clear difference

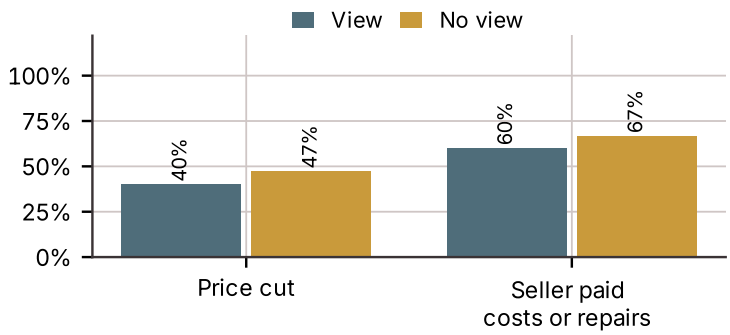


The average is **3.5%** for homes with a view and **7.5%** for homes without a view. Defined in 8.1.6.

– No clear difference · could be chance

© 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

6.9 How often: price cut before sale, seller paid closing costs or repairs



Each bar is the share of homes in the group, in percent.

- 40% of homes with a view had a price cut before sale, against 47% of homes without a view. Defined in 8.1.7.
- 60% of homes with a view had the seller pay closing costs or repairs, against 67% of homes without a view. Defined in 8.1.8.

Price cut before sale: **– No clear difference** · could be chance
Seller paid closing costs or repairs: **– No clear difference** · could be chance

6.10 The numbers: price and size

	View 5 sales	No view 36 sales	All 41 sales	Real difference?
Net sale price average	$599,054	$416,277	$438,567	unclear
Net price per SF average	$223	$218	$218	unclear
Living area average	2,676	1,972	2,058	unclear
Year built median	2002	1992	1992	unclear

6.11 The numbers: selling

	View 5 sales	No view 36 sales	All 41 sales	Real difference?
Days on market median	21	37	36	unclear
Discount from original list average	3.5%	7.5%	7.0%	unclear
Price cut before sale	40%	47%	46%	unclear
Seller paid closing costs or repairs	60%	67%	66%	unclear

Prices, price per SF, living area and discount are averages; days on market and year built are medians. The test behind each verdict is in 8.3.4.

© 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

7. New construction

Basic statistics · 0 sales · November 8, 2025 – November 7, 2026

Homes sold new by the builder in the same 365 days. They are left out of every other section and shown here as basic figures only: 0 sales, no groups, no tests.

> **Note**: these are only the new-construction sales reported in ABOR MLS. Builders often sell homes without listing them in the MLS, so these figures do not necessarily represent all new-construction sales in Anderson Mill West.

No new-construction sales were reported in ABOR MLS in this window.

Same definitions as the rest of the study (section 8). New construction = NewConstructionYN true, or PropertyCondition “New Construction” or “Under Construction”.

© 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

8. Appendix

Measures, methods and tests

Each measure and method three ways: in plain words, as statistics, and with the data from this study.

8.1 Measures

8.1.1 Net sale price

In simple terms What the seller actually kept: the closing price, less money the seller gave back to the buyer for closing costs or repairs. It is the truest price for comparing homes.

Statistically Net = ClosePrice − ACTRIS_BuyersClsgCostPdbySell − ACTRIS_RepairsAmount (a blank counts as $0). Summarized by the arithmetic mean in the slices.

The data 42 resale sales. Average $438,958; median $421,125; standard deviation $131,567; middle half (25th–75th percentile) $363,500–$485,375; lowest $210,000, highest $897,000. 28 sales had a seller payment; their median payment was $5,000.

8.1.2 Net price per SF

In simple terms Net sale price divided by the heated and cooled square feet. It puts homes of different sizes on the same footing: did buyers pay more for each square foot, not just for more square feet?

Statistically psf = Net ÷ LivingArea, per sale; summarized by the mean of the per-sale ratios.

The data 42 resale sales. Average $218; median $219; standard deviation $38; middle half (25th–75th percentile) $193–$241; lowest $131, highest $293.

8.1.3 Living area

In simple terms The heated and cooled space, as listed in the MLS. Garages and porches are not counted.

Statistically RESO LivingArea, in square feet. Sales under 400 SF are treated as entry errors and left out.

The data 42 resale sales. Average 2,066; median 1,914; standard deviation 633; middle half (25th–75th percentile) 1,560–2,531; lowest 939, highest 3,603.

8.1.4 Year built

In simple terms The year the home was finished, as listed in the MLS. It shows whether a group leans to older or newer phases of the community.

Statistically RESO YearBuilt; summarized by the median, with the 25th–75th percentile (middle half) on the charts.

The data 42 resale sales. Average 1993; median 1992; standard deviation 6; middle half (25th–75th percentile) 1987–1996; lowest 1985, highest 2003.

 © 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

8.1.5 Days on market

In simple terms	How many days the home was on the market before the buyer's offer was accepted, counting any earlier listing periods (relists). This is the days on market agents and clients quote.
Statistically	CDOM = max(CumulativeDaysOnMarket, DaysOnMarket, PurchaseContractDate − ListingContractDate). The MLS counter can freeze at a price change, so the contract-date gap is a floor. Summarized by the median, because a few homes that sat for months pull an average up.
The data	42 resale sales. Average 68; median 37; standard deviation 78; middle half (25th–75th percentile) 14–101; lowest 3, highest 293. 0 sales went under contract on their listing date (0 days).

8.1.6 Discount from original list

In simple terms	How far below the first asking price the home sold, after seller payments. It measures how much negotiating room sellers gave up. A negative figure means the home sold above its first asking price.
Statistically	Discount % = (OriginalListPrice − Net) ÷ OriginalListPrice × 100, per sale; summarized by the mean.
The data	42 resale sales. Average 7.1%; median 4.8%; standard deviation 7.8%; middle half (25th–75th percentile) 2.5%–11.5%; lowest −5.2%, highest 31.1%. 6 sales closed above their first asking price.

8.1.7 Price cut before sale

In simple terms	The asking price was lowered at least once before the home went under contract.
Statistically	Indicator: ListPrice at close < OriginalListPrice. Reported as the share of sales (%).
The data	20 of 42 resale sales (47.6%).

8.1.8 Seller paid closing costs or repairs

In simple terms	The seller paid some of the buyer's closing costs or repairs.
Statistically	Indicator: ACTRIS_BuyersCIsgCostPdbySell + ACTRIS_RepairsAmount > 0. Reported as the share of sales (%).
The data	28 of 42 resale sales (66.7%).

8.1.9 Has a view

In simple terms	The MLS says the home looks over something: a greenbelt or park, trees, golf course, hill country, water and similar.
Statistically	View = the View field holds any entry other than “None”, “Neighborhood” or “See Remarks”. No view = only “None” and/or “Neighborhood”. A record whose only entry is “See Remarks” cannot be classified and is left out of the view slice.
The data	5 sales with a view, 36 without, 1 unclassified. Most common View entries: None 28, Neighborhood 10, Trees/Woods 3, Hill Country 2, Park/Greenbelt 1, City 1, See Remarks 1.

 © 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

8.2 Methods

8.2.1 Data source

In simple terms Every figure comes from the Austin Board of REALTORS® MLS, read live by ALEX. No figure is estimated or typed in.

Statistically ABOR MLS via secure APIs, read from ALEX's copy of the MLS (refreshed every 15 minutes; this pull as of 2026-11-08 13:00 UTC), every field. Filter: StandardStatus = Closed, PropertyType = Residential, City = Cedar Park, SubdivisionName contains any of “anderson mill west”, “oakwood glen”, “oakwood glen south” (case-insensitive). A record is kept when its subdivision name belongs to the Anderson Mill West family, the same rule comparable sales use (it includes Oakwood Glen, Oakwood Glen South, proven adjacent and priced alike).

The data Pulled November 8, 2026: 42 closed Anderson Mill West records over the prior year, in ZIP 78613. 18 subdivision spellings kept, the most common: Anderson Mill West Sec 03 (6); Anderson Mill West Sec 01 (5); Anderson Mill West Sec 19 (5); Anderson Mill West Sec 21 (4); Anderson Mill West Sec 02 (3); Anderson Mill West Sec 06 (2); Anderson Mill West Sec 17 (2); Anderson Mill West Sec 15 (2); Anderson Mill West Sec 05 (2); Anderson Mill West Sec 14 (2); Oakwood Glen South (2); Anderson Mill West Sec 04 (1); and 6 more (6 records). Names found by the search but not part of Anderson Mill West, left out: Anderson Mill West, Volente Hills (1).

8.2.2 Study window

In simple terms The most recent 365 days of closed sales: recent enough to describe today's market, long enough to give each group plenty of sales. The usual window is 180 days; it holds only 23 resale sales here (under 80), so the full year is used.

Statistically CloseDate from November 8, 2025 to November 7, 2026 inclusive.

The data 42 single-family sales in the window: 42 resale, 0 new construction.

8.2.3 Resale and new construction

In simple terms A resale home was previously owned. New construction is sold by the builder and behaves differently, so it is kept out of every analysis and reported once on its own.

Statistically New construction = NewConstructionYN true, or PropertyCondition contains “New Construction” or “Under Construction”. Everything else is resale.

The data 42 resale; 0 new construction.

8.2.4 Sales left out

In simple terms A few records cannot be used as entered and are left out before any analysis.

Statistically Excluded: PropertySubType other than Single Family Residence; no OriginalListPrice; LivingArea under 400 SF; seller payments above 10% of ClosePrice (treated as entry errors).

The data None in this window.

 © 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

8.2.5 Quartiles and groups

In simple terms Sales lined up from lowest to highest and cut into four groups of about equal size. Each group is named by its range, for example “Under $363K”.

Statistically Sort by the slicing variable; cut k sits at round(nk/4), k = 1…3. A cut that would split tied values moves to the nearer edge of the tie. A group under 3 sales merges into its smaller neighbor. Range names use the next group's lowest value (“Under”) and the previous group's highest value (“Over”/“After”).

The data **Quartiles by net sale price:** Under $363K: $210,000–$355,000 (10 sales); $363K–$420K: $363,000–$419,750 (11 sales); $422K–$486K: $422,500–$485,500 (11 sales); Over $486K: $486,000–$897,000 (10 sales)
Quartiles by living area: Under 1,555 SF: 939–1,554 SF (10 sales); 1,555–1,881 SF: 1,555–1,881 SF (11 sales); 1,948–2,533 SF: 1,948–2,533 SF (11 sales); Over 2,533 SF: 2,662–3,603 SF (10 sales)
Quartiles by year built: Before 1987: 1985–1986 (8 sales); 1987–1992: 1987–1992 (13 sales); 1993–1996: 1993–1996 (12 sales); After 1996: 1998–2003 (9 sales)
View and no view: View: MLS lists a view (5 sales); No view: None or Neighborhood (36 sales)

8.2.6 Average and median

In simple terms The average adds the values and divides by how many; one very expensive home can pull it up. The median is the middle value, with half above and half below.

Statistically Mean $\bar{x} = (1/n)\ \Sigma\ x_i$; median = 50th percentile. Price, price per SF, living area and discount use the mean; days on market and year built use the median (skewed or whole-year values).

The data Net sale price: average $438,958, median $421,125. Days on market: average 68, median 37: the average is pulled up by a few long listings.

8.2.7 Kruskal–Wallis test

In simple terms Checks whether a measure really differs across the four groups of a slice. It uses each sale's rank, not its value, so a few extreme sales cannot drive the answer.

Statistically $H = [12/(n(n+1))]\ \Sigma\ R_j^2/n_j - 3(n+1)$, compared with χ^2 on $k - 1$ degrees of freedom (Kruskal & Wallis, 1952). Effect size $\varepsilon^2 = H/(n - 1)$: ≥ .01 small, ≥ .06 medium, ≥ .14 large (Tomczak & Tomczak, 2014). A slice is tested only when every group has at least 5 sales; smaller groups are described, not tested.

The data Run on every measure in sections 3–5; each result is in 8.3.

8.2.8 Mann–Whitney U test

In simple terms The same check when there are only two groups: view against no view.

Statistically Two-sided U test (Mann & Whitney, 1947). Effect size = rank-biserial correlation $\left|1 - 2U/(n_1 n_2)\right|$: ≥ .10 small, ≥ .30 medium, ≥ .50 large (Kerby, 2014; Cohen, 1988).

The data Run on every measure in section 6; results in 8.3.

8.2.9 Chi-square test

In simple terms Checks whether a yes/no share (price cut, seller payment, view) differs between groups more than chance would.

Statistically Pearson χ^2 on the 2 × k table of counts, no continuity correction (Pearson, 1900). Effect size Cramér's $V = \sqrt{(\chi^2/n)}$: ≥ .10 small, ≥ .30 medium, ≥ .50 large (Cramér, 1946).

The data Run on the three shares in every slice; results in 8.3.

 © 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

8.2.10 Real difference (significance)

In simple terms "Real difference" means a gap this large would be very unlikely if the groups were really alike. Because many measures are checked in each slice, the bar is set higher than usual.

Statistically Significant when $p < 0.05 \div m$, where m is the number of measures tested in that slice (Bonferroni; Dunn, 1961). The slicing variable itself differs by design and is not tested.

The data Quartiles by net sale price: m = 8, threshold $p < 0.0063$; Quartiles by living area: m = 8, threshold $p < 0.0063$; Quartiles by year built: m = 8, threshold $p < 0.0063$; View and no view: m = 8, threshold $p < 0.0063$

8.2.11 Size of a difference

In simple terms A difference can be real but small. The size word (small, medium, large) says how much the groups pull apart.

Statistically ε^2 for Kruskal–Wallis, rank-biserial r for Mann–Whitney, Cramér's V for chi-square, with the thresholds above; below the small threshold the size is "negligible".

The data 7 real differences across the four slices; sizes are listed in 8.3.

8.2.12 Rounding in the text

In simple terms Headings and sentences round figures so they read easily; the tables at the end of each section give them in full.

Statistically Prices in headings round to the nearest $1K; price per SF and days on market to the nearest whole number; living area to the nearest 10 SF; shares and percentage gaps to whole percents.

The data Days on market is always shown in days.

8.3 Test results

Every test behind every gold box. Statistic, degrees of freedom (df), p-value, the threshold it must beat, and the size of the difference.

© 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

8.3.1 Quartiles by net sale price

Measure	Test	Statistic	df	p-value	Threshold	Real difference?	Effect size	Size
Net price per SF	Kruskal–Wallis	H = 6.80	3	0.0785	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	$\varepsilon^2 = 0.166$	large
Living area	Kruskal–Wallis	H = 29.19	3	< 0.0001	p < 0.0063	**Yes**	$\varepsilon^2 = 0.712$	large
Year built	Kruskal–Wallis	H = 17.86	3	0.0005	p < 0.0063	**Yes**	$\varepsilon^2 = 0.436$	large
Days on market	Kruskal–Wallis	H = 0.21	3	0.9761	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	$\varepsilon^2 = 0.005$	negligible
Discount from original list	Kruskal–Wallis	H = 3.39	3	0.3360	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	$\varepsilon^2 = 0.083$	medium
Price cut before sale	Chi-square	$\chi^2 = 3.00$	3	0.3912	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	Cramér's V = 0.267	small
Seller paid closing costs or repairs	Chi-square	$\chi^2 = 1.62$	3	0.6542	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	Cramér's V = 0.197	small
Has a view	Chi-square	$\chi^2 = 4.73$	3	0.1930	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	Cramér's V = 0.335	medium

8.3.2 Quartiles by living area

Measure	Test	Statistic	df	p-value	Threshold	Real difference?	Effect size	Size
Net sale price	Kruskal–Wallis	H = 30.75	3	< 0.0001	p < 0.0063	**Yes**	$\varepsilon^2 = 0.750$	large
Net price per SF	Kruskal–Wallis	H = 14.25	3	0.0026	p < 0.0063	**Yes**	$\varepsilon^2 = 0.347$	large
Year built	Kruskal–Wallis	H = 18.75	3	0.0003	p < 0.0063	**Yes**	$\varepsilon^2 = 0.457$	large
Days on market	Kruskal–Wallis	H = 0.42	3	0.9357	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	$\varepsilon^2 = 0.010$	small
Discount from original list	Kruskal–Wallis	H = 3.14	3	0.3711	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	$\varepsilon^2 = 0.076$	medium
Price cut before sale	Chi-square	$\chi^2 = 2.09$	3	0.5537	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	Cramér's V = 0.223	small
Seller paid closing costs or repairs	Chi-square	$\chi^2 = 2.77$	3	0.4288	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	Cramér's V = 0.257	small
Has a view	Chi-square	$\chi^2 = 4.73$	3	0.1930	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	Cramér's V = 0.335	medium

© 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

8.3.3 Quartiles by year built

Measure	Test	Statistic	df	p-value	Threshold	Real difference?	Effect size	Size
Net sale price	Kruskal–Wallis	H = 22.42	3	< 0.0001	p < 0.0063	**Yes**	$\varepsilon^2 = 0.547$	large
Net price per SF	Kruskal–Wallis	H = 6.80	3	0.0786	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	$\varepsilon^2 = 0.166$	large
Living area	Kruskal–Wallis	H = 21.48	3	< 0.0001	p < 0.0063	**Yes**	$\varepsilon^2 = 0.524$	large
Days on market	Kruskal–Wallis	H = 0.31	3	0.9581	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	$\varepsilon^2 = 0.008$	negligible
Discount from original list	Kruskal–Wallis	H = 0.99	3	0.8032	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	$\varepsilon^2 = 0.024$	small
Price cut before sale	Chi-square	$\chi^2 = 0.59$	3	0.8978	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	Cramér's V = 0.119	small
Seller paid closing costs or repairs	Chi-square	$\chi^2 = 1.28$	3	0.7342	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	Cramér's V = 0.174	small
Has a view	Chi-square	$\chi^2 = 12.01$	3	0.0074	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	Cramér's V = 0.535	large

8.3.4 View and no view

Measure	Test	Statistic	df	p-value	Threshold	Real difference?	Effect size	Size
Net sale price	Mann–Whitney U	U = 138.00	—	0.0584	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	rank-biserial r = 0.533	large
Net price per SF	Mann–Whitney U	U = 96.00	—	0.8318	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	rank-biserial r = 0.067	negligible
Living area	Mann–Whitney U	U = 135.00	—	0.0758	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	rank-biserial r = 0.500	large
Year built	Mann–Whitney U	U = 154.00	—	0.0111	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	rank-biserial r = 0.711	large
Days on market	Mann–Whitney U	U = 77.50	—	0.6325	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	rank-biserial r = 0.139	small
Discount from original list	Mann–Whitney U	U = 61.00	—	0.2652	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	rank-biserial r = 0.322	medium
Price cut before sale	Chi-square	$\chi^2 = 0.09$	1	0.7615	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	Cramér's V = 0.047	negligible
Seller paid closing costs or repairs	Chi-square	$\chi^2 = 0.09$	1	0.7683	p < 0.0063	**Unclear**	Cramér's V = 0.046	negligible

 © 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC

8.4 Data notes

Left out of the analysis: 0 new-construction sales (basic statistics only, section 7); nothing else. Statistics: Python, NumPy 2.5.3, SciPy 1.18.1.

8.5 References

1. Cohen, J. (1988). Statistical Power Analysis for the Behavioral Sciences (2nd ed.). Erlbaum.
2. Cramér, H. (1946). Mathematical Methods of Statistics. Princeton University Press.
3. Dunn, O. J. (1961). Multiple comparisons among means. JASA, 56(293), 52–64.
4. Kerby, D. S. (2014). The simple difference formula: an approach to teaching nonparametric correlation. Comprehensive Psychology, 3, 11.IT.3.1.
5. Kruskal, W. H., & Wallis, W. A. (1952). Use of ranks in one-criterion variance analysis. JASA, 47(260), 583–621.
6. Mann, H. B., & Whitney, D. R. (1947). On a test of whether one of two random variables is stochastically larger than the other. Annals of Mathematical Statistics, 18(1), 50–60.
7. Pearson, K. (1900). On the criterion that a given system of deviations… Philosophical Magazine, 50(302), 157–175.
8. Tomczak, M., & Tomczak, E. (2014). The need to report effect size estimates revisited. Trends in Sport Sciences, 21(1), 19–25.

This is a market study of closed sales, not an appraisal or an opinion of value for any home. The analysis covers 42 closed MLS resale sales; the 0 new-construction sales appear only in their own section, as basic statistics. Sale and listing data: ABOR MLS via secure APIs, pulled November 8, 2026. Map data © OpenStreetMap contributors. ALEX Companies · Licensed by the Texas Real Estate Commission · Broker: Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC (ALEX Real Estate), #565194-BB · Diane Hart Alexander, Designated Broker, #574877-B.

 © 2026 Alexander Tiffany Southwest, LLC